

UAE Higher Education The Road to Excellence and Innovation

by

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الجامعة
البريطانية في
دبي



The
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in Dubai

How can Universities improve their own performance and international rankings?

While

Having an impact on the socio-economic aspects of the UAE as knowledge-based economy ?

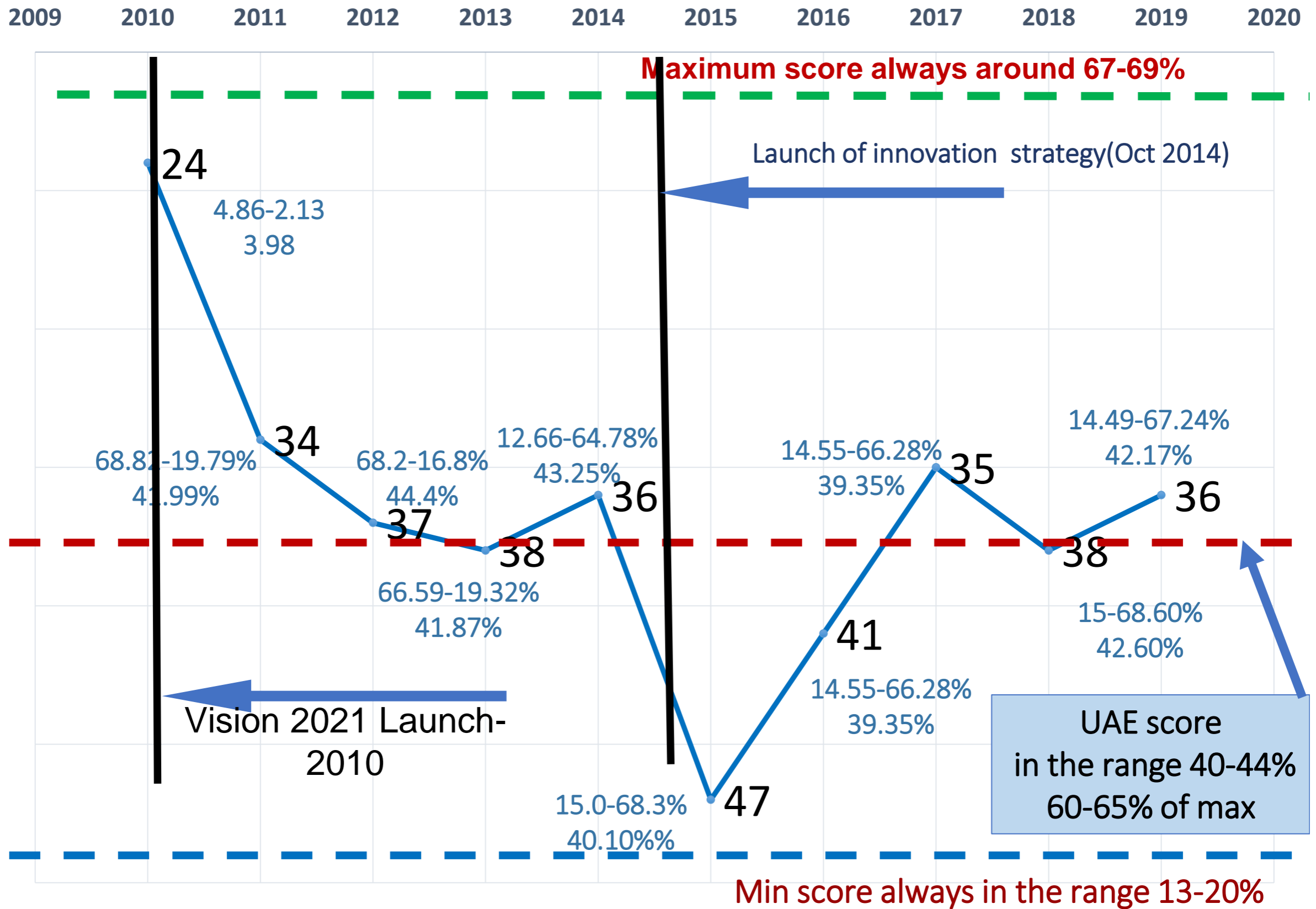
Evidence-based analysis on Identification of areas for further developments for the UAE and for the Universities, and linking the two.

The presentation will highlight how the performance of the UAE in the Global innovation index (GII) and University ranking criteria are linked

Part one

**The Performance of UAE
knowledge-based activities
In the Global Innovation Index**

UAE Ranks in Global Innovation Index (GII)



Indicator (2019)	Score	Ranking
Input index	57.65%	24
Output index	26.68%	58
Efficiency Ratio	0.46	
GII	42.17%	36

- The overall GII score is the simple average of the Input and Output Sub-Index scores.
- The Innovation Input Sub-Index is comprised of five input pillars that capture elements of the national economy that enable innovative activities: (1) Institutions, (2) Human capital and research, (3) Infrastructure, (4) Market sophistication, and (5) Business sophistication.
- The Innovation Output Sub-Index provides information about outputs that are the results of innovative activities within the economy. There are two output pillars: (6) Knowledge and technology outputs and (7) Creative outputs.
- The Innovation Efficiency Ratio is the ratio of the Output Sub-Index score over the Input Sub-Index score. It shows how much innovation output a given country is getting for its inputs.

Apparently UAE inputs a lot into innovation in terms of
Institutions, Human capital and research,
Infrastructure, Market sophistication, and Business sophistication
(#24/2019)

BUT

gets little output in terms of knowledge, Technology and creative products
A losing scenario
(#58/2019)

GII	Field				score	rank
input 57.65% #24	Institutions	sub-field	score	rank	78.8	28
		political environment	80.5	20		
		regulatory environment	84.2	24		
		Business environment	71.9	58		
	Human Capital & research	education	61.9	17	52.4	18
		Tertiary Education	57.5	6		
		Research and development	37.7	28		
	Infrastructure	ICT	88.7	14	59.4	21
		general	52.7	12		
		Ecological sustainability	36.8	71		
	Market Sophistication	Credit	53.5	27	56.1	34
		investment	46.2	53		
		Trade, competition and market	68.6	39		
	Business Sophistication	knowledge workers	40.7	55	41.5	30
		innovation linkages	41.9	24		
knowledge absorption		42	34			
Output 26.68% #58	Knowledge and Technology output	knowledge creation	6.4	88	22.2	63
		knowledge impact	34.9	73		
		knowledge diffusion	25.2	37		
	Creative output	tangible assets	50.4	66	31.2	50
		creative goods & services	35.9	13		
		online creativity	7.9	57		

Areas for improvement that the UAE needs to look at:

Field				score	rank
input 57.65% #24	institutions			78.8	28
		sub-field	score	rank	
		Business environment	71.9	58	
	Human Capital & research			52.4	18
	Infrastructure			59.4	21
		Ecological sustainability	36.8	71	
	Market Sophistication			56.1	34
		Trade, Competition & market	68.6	39	
	Business Sophistication			41.5	30
		knowledge workers	40.7	55	
	knowledge absorption	42	34		
Output 26.68% #58	Knowledge and Technology output			22.2	63
		knowledge creation	6.4	88	
		knowledge impact	34.9	73	
		knowledge diffusion	25.2	37	
	creative output			31.2	50
		tangible assets	50.4	66	
	online creativity	7.9	57		

Part two

Ranking Criteria

QS Ranking International

World/ Arab world

Teaching/Research Int'l 80%/Arab 85%		International outlook Int'l 20%/Arab 15%	
Academic Reputation	30%/30%	Proportion of international students	2.5%/2.5%
Employer Reputation	20%/20%	Inbound exchange student	2.5%/0%
Staff with PhD	5%/5%	Outbound exchange students	2.5%/0%
Staff-to-student ratio	10%/15%	Proportion of international staff	2.5%/2.5%
Paper per faculty	5%/5%	International collaboration	10%/10%
Citation	10%/5%		
website	--/5%		

Times Higher Education Ranking

Teaching 30%		Research 30%		International Outlook 7.50%		Citation	30%
Reputation Survey	15%	Reputation survey	18%	Proportion of International Students	2.5%		
Staff-to-student Ratio	4.50%						
Doctorate-to-Bachelor's Ratio	2.25%	Research Income	6%	Proportion of International Staff	2.5%	industry income (knowledge transfer)	2.5%
Doctorates-Awarded-to-Academic-Staff ratio	6%						
Institutional Income	2.25%	Research Productivity	6%	International Collaboration	2.5%	industry income (knowledge transfer)	2.5%

Part three
The link between UAE
Innovation Performance and
University Ranking

Grouping GII Fields with Ranking parameters

Doctorates-Awarded-to-Academic-Staff ratio
Doctorate-to-Bachelor's Ratio
Proportion of International Students

knowledge creation
knowledge workers

knowledge impact
knowledge diffusion
online creativity tangible assets
Institutional Income
industry income (knowledge transfer):

knowledge absorption
Ecological sustainability
Trade, Competition & market
Business environment

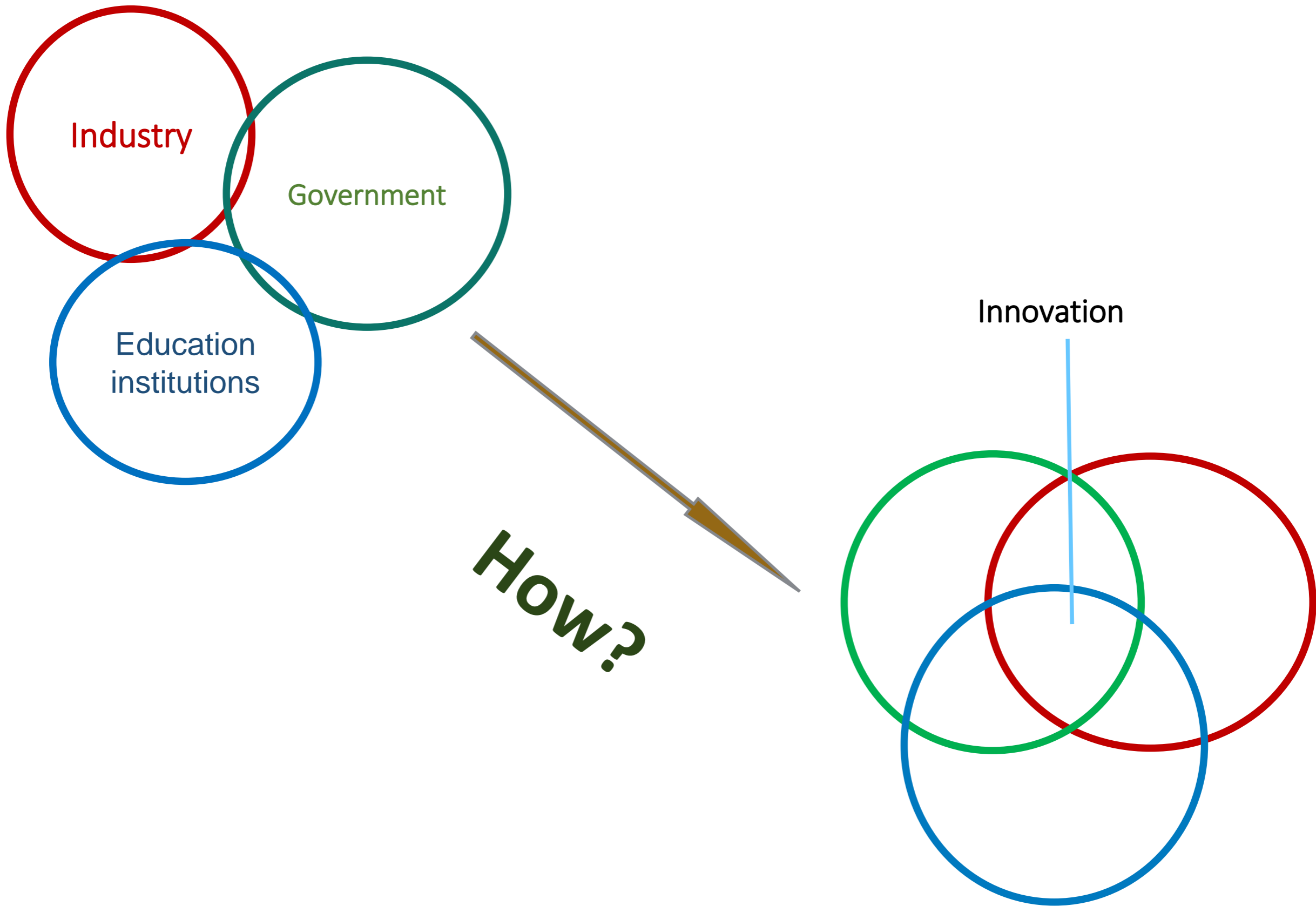
PG programmes
Masters/Doctorate

Research Income
Citation
Research Productivity

knowledge creation

Entrepreneurial & Innovation Activities

Research



	GII parameters	Universities Role		
		Research Sector	PG Programs, Masters and Doctorates	Entrepreneurial University
UAE level	knowledge creation			
	knowledge impact			
	knowledge diffusion			
	Tangible assets			
	Online creativity			
University level	Doctorate-to-Bachelor's ratio			
	Doctorates-awarded-to-academic staff ratio			
	Institutional income			
	Research income			
	Research productivity			
	Proportion of international students			
	International collaboration			
	Industry Income (knowledge Transfer)			

Entrepreneurial University

The Concept of Entrepreneurial University was developed to undertake entrepreneurial activities for improving the national economy by merging it with student activities through:

Student incubators, Science parks, Start-ups, Spin offs

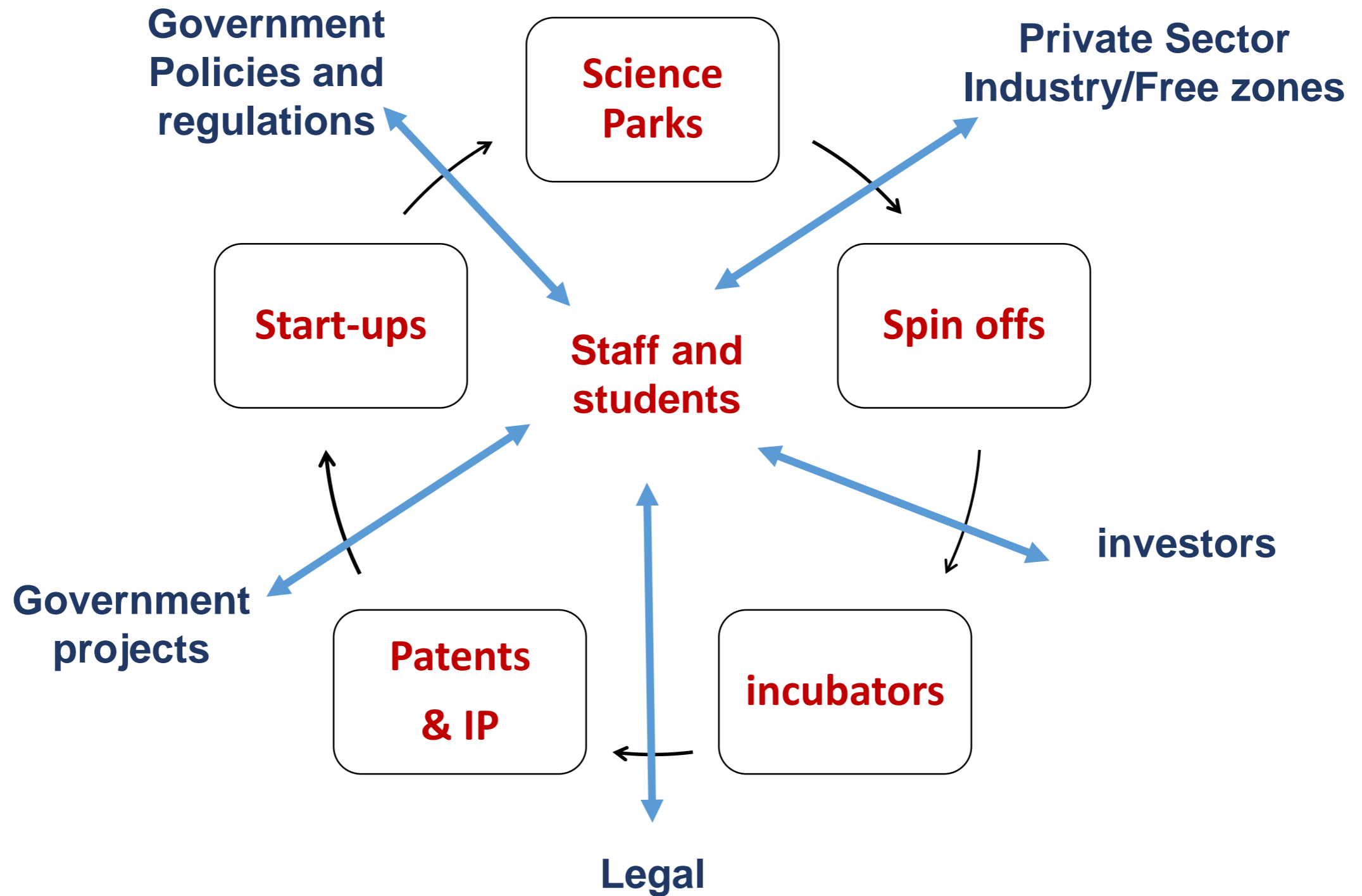
With,

Joint collaboration between academia, industry and government,

The Concept of Triple-Helix-Model (THM)

This concept is very popular in USA, S. Korea, Japan, Germany, etc

Sector of Innovation and Entrepreneurial



Post Graduate Programmes

Doctorates of Philosophy

Creation of knowledge

Professional Doctorates

Improvement of practice

Masters

Other PG
activities

Scholarships

Research

Locally focused,
Internationally recognized
Applied research

Publications
Staff &
Students

International
links

Links with
Entrepreneurial
Hubs and PG
programmes

Internal and
external funds

Other activities

Social Responsibility

PD

Established links
with Industry

Local partnerships

International
Student activities,
Inbound and
outbound student

Part four
Summary and More

Summary

GII indicates that UAE gets less than half of its input, a losing Scenario

Increase Post Graduate education sector with emphasis on research students

Transforming UG programmes in quality, quantity and experience with more international links like inbound and outbound students

Re-direct and optimize research funds on the national level

A new sector of Entrepreneurial activities in universities is to be initiated and supported nationally with strong links with industry and government

Expand on local partnerships and Social Responsibility activities

Questions for the further dialog

Means of Raising Research Funds and Methods of Funding Academic Research, How?

Research Students; Funding, Training, etc. What is the role of Government and Industry?

Councils and Entities for Cooperation Between Academia, Industry and Government to Promote Innovation and Entrepreneurship. Who should take the lead?

National Academic Partnerships, Public and Private Institutions. How to improve the trust and overcome the conception of competition?

Incentivizing international collaborations, the role of MoE and CAA?

Thank you

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